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The sweet cum, as gathered from a tree of the same name, growing along the small streams in the South, contains a strong, active, expectorant principle, that removes the phlegm produced by the cold, and the heat of the body, and the shivering-cough. When combined with the bark of the mullein, it is a powerful remedy for the cure of the old ills, presents in TAYLOR'S CHEROKEE REMEDY OF SWEET CUM AND MULLEIN. It cures rheumatism, Consumption, and so palpable, any child can tell. Price 25c. Postage 5c. Send to R. R. B. & S. Walter A. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS CARDS.

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Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
Bear Room over Planters' Bank.
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.
By Jan 1-86

ARTIFICIAL TEETH
Inserted in Fifteen minutes after natural ones are extracted, by
R. R. BOURNE,
DENTIST.
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Dec. 11

JAMES BREATHITT. HENRY J. STITES

BREATHITT & STITES,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
HOPKINSVILLE. - R. K.

Office—No. 4½ North Main Street.
Feb. 1866.

Campbell & Medley
DENTISTS.
Over Jones & Co's. Store,
Main St. Hopkinsville Ky.

an 1-86-13

HAGAN'S
Magnolia Balm

is a secret aid to beauty. Many a lady owes her freshness to it, who would rather not tell, and you can't tell.

A Disgusted Grave-Digger.

Fritz Hiner is the professional grave-digger of a Texas town. He did not always pay his taxes promptly, and one day while he was hard at work digging a grave, and had got down about five feet into the bowels of the planet, he perceived a dark shadow between himself and the sun. Looking up he perceived a deputy sheriff.

"Val's de madier, now!"

"I've got a notion to serve on you for not paying your taxes."

"Min' Gott!" exclaimed the unfortunate, protruding his head from the hole in the ground, "a man has no peace even when he is in dot grave. Vat a goon! vout a pheeb!"

•••••

There were 204 deaths in Louis- during January.

Mustang Liniment is older than most men, and used more and more every year.

FOR
Man and Beast.

Mustang Liniment is older than most men, and used more and more every year.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH

How Jefferson Davis Rewarded a Persistent Intruder.

—The law regulating the government of Yale College prescribes that the President of that institution must be a clergyman.

—"No man with a well-balanced mind would," says a correspondent, "send his son to college, whose professors are unbelievers.—*Y. Tribune*

—The Military Academy at West Point is reported to be in a high state of efficiency. It is suggested that the law be changed so that such of the graduates as are not at once assigned to duty after graduating may be retained as Second Lieutenants in the army, if they desire it.—*Troy Times*.

—The sale of Bibles, religious books and magazines through the colporteurs of Mr. Sprague's church, amounted during the past year to nearly \$45,000. Seventy-eight men were employed in the work, and 1,500 towns and villages were visited.—*N. Y. Examiner*.

—The boys in Chinese mission schools usually prefer women teachers, perhaps because these are more sympathetic and patient with them, and there is a story of one who, in the absence of his own teacher, was put under the instruction of a man. He succeeded so well and was asked how the lesson had gone, burst out with: "Me no like man teacher! Me want old gal!"—*Chicago Times*.

—An old Scotch lady was told that her minister used notes; she disbelieved it. Said one: "Go into the gallery and see." She did so and saw the writer sermon. After the luckless preacher had concluded his reading on the last page, he said: "But I will not enlarge." The old woman called out from her lofty position: "Ye canna, ye canna, for your paper's give out!"—*Christian at Work*.

—When the wife of Alderman John J. Turner, of Amsterdam, N.Y., reached her pew in St. Mary's Church, proceeded to the vestry and said: "I am not in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 190 Wall St., N.Y."

—An illustration of the value of well-directed help to feeble churches in their struggling infancy, it is reported that eight churches in Iowa have become self-supporting during the year, and four more will do so soon. Several churches in Nebraska are in the ranks of self-supporting interests during the year. Without aid at the beginning they could not have succeeded. Now they will be not only self-supporting, but become helpers of others who yet need aid.—*N. Y. Examiner*.

—Mr. Eaton, of Yale College, in a recent lecture to the students, told them that it was not certain Eve tempted Adam with an apple in the Garden of Eden, but it is probable that the present day was prepared from the earth.

—"It is," said Mr. Eaton, "but you talk."

—"That's enough, sir. It's already

four minutes beyond your usual bedtime. You can go to bed and let the boys say on."—*Wall Street News*.

—"My dear," said an old man on his daughter's wedding morning, "new and untried life is before you. You are putting away forever the light and careless existence of girlhood and taking upon yourself the serious responsibilities of the wife. Do you know that you will approach the matrimonial altar to-night impressed with a full knowledge of the solemn vows you then will make, and that we are to have a rehearsal this morning at ten, and I must not keep them waiting. Good-bye, boy."—*Chicago Tribune*.

—President Davis asked various questions, and, when informed that the sentence of the drum-head court martial had been approved by General Lee, declared that he could not and would not interfere. "It would be most impudent, and Mr. Davis so far declined as to agree to think over the matter for an hour, at the end of which Mr. A. would receive his final decision. Mr. A. then withdrew, and at the appointed time returned to the chamber with Eggington. The President courteously informed his guest that he had considered the master fully, and could not change his decision.

—The men must die, if General Lee has approved the sentence," said the President.

—"Is that your irrevocable conclusion?" Mr. A. tremulously asked.

—"It is; you can not reverse it." Mr. Davis replied.

—"Then," said Mr. A., "will you give me in prayer to Almighty God for the souls of the poor unfortunate who are to be shot to death in the morning?"

—President Davis agreed to do this, and in a minute the three persons in the room were kneeling, and Mr. A. was fervently praying for the salvation of the doomed Germans. When "Amen" was said, Mr. Davis was about to rise, but he was prevented by Mr. A., who said:

—"Now, Mr. President, I want you to pray."

—Mr. Davis, however, insisted on rising, and after doing so, said: "Mr. Eggington, bring me some paper and pen and ink."

—They were speedily produced, and in a few moments the desired reprieve was handed to Mr. A., who, after profusely thanking the President, hastened back to the Confederate camp, arriving just in time to avert the execution.—*Baltimore Correspondent N. Y. Sun*.

—STEAMSHIP FIREMEN.
Their Hard and Constant Work in Heated Dungeons.

Every travelon an ocean steamship has observed the firemen, who, smut-covered and panting, climb up at intervals out of the boiler-room to the deck to get a breath of fresh air. Yet even a sight of them does not give a vivid idea of the heated dungeon where they work. The descent to it, always by ladder, is like the descent into a cavern. There are the piles of coal, the hot boilers, the light that the fires give down the shaft. They work out of communication with everybody except the engineers, and they give less heed to calm or stormy weather than anybody else on board. They keep the fires burning, and after doing so, said: "Mr. Eggington, bring me some paper and pen and ink."

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—"Don't show me any more of you impudent!" exclaimed the irate shopkeeper to the salesmen; "don't let me see your face again when I come in here!"

—"Yes, sir," he replied with an ingratiating bow; "is there anything else you would like to look at, mem?" Force of habit; he couldn't help it, you know.

—*Boston Transcript*.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CIRCUIT JUDGE.

JUDGE JOE McCARROLL, of Christian county, is elected to the office of Circuit Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE JNO. R. GRACE, of Trigg county, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Circuit Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

CIRCUIT COURT CLERK.

We are authorized to announce CYRUS M. BROWN as a candidate for Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Republican party.

Election, August, 1886.

CITY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce JOHN C. BRASHER as a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge of the Hopkinsville City Court.

COUNTRY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE W. P. WILSON, of Christian county, as a candidate for County Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce A. H. ANDERSON, of Hopkinsville, as a candidate for County Judge, subject to the action of the Republican party.

Election, August, 1886.

COURT ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce JNO. W. PAYNE a candidate for County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce HARRY FERGUSON, of Hopkinsville, as a candidate for County Attorney of Christian county.

Election first Monday in August, 1886.

COURT CLERK.

We are authorized to announce AQUILLA B. LONG as a candidate for County Clerk of Christian Co., subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Election, August, 1886.

COURT JERIFF.

We are authorized to announce JOHN BOYD as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Sheriff, subject to the action of the Republican party.

Election, August, 1886.

JAILER.

We are authorized to announce GEO. W. LOOS, of Hopkinsville, as a candidate for Jailer of Christian county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce BEN CARTER a candidate for Jailer of Christian County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Election, August, 1886.

JAILER.

We are authorized to announce E. W. DAVIS, of Crofton, as a candidate for Jailer of Christian county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JNO. Y. GRAY as a candidate for Jailer of Christian county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JNO. S. LONG, of Crofton, as a candidate for Jailer of Christian county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JNO. C. MCKNENY, of Wilson precinct, as a candidate for Jailer of Christian county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce E. W. GLASS as a candidate for Jailer of Christian county, subject to the action of the Republican party.

A bill to tax sleeping cars has been introduced in the Legislature.

The Senate has passed a bill establishing a whipping-post for wife-beaters.

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, has introduced a bill in the Senate which absolutely prohibits the immigration of Chinese into the United States.

Mr. John E. DuBose, of Warren county, is chairman of the Appellate district committee, as his county casts the largest Democratic vote of any county in the district.

The Kentucky Cremation Society was organized in Louisville last Wednesday and steps to build a crematory will be taken at once. Capt. W. F. Norton, Jr., is President of the corporation.

Gen. Hancock died a poor man and his friends in New York and Philadelphia have started a subscription fund to be presented to Mrs. Hancock. Sam'l J. Tilden gave \$1,000, Wm. R. Grace \$500, Geo. W. Childs \$1,000, A. J. Drexel \$1,000 and several others have contributed smaller amounts.

So far as we can learn the action of the County Democratic Committee in calling precinct conventions meets with the approval of the people generally. The date is close at hand, but all hands, with one or two exceptions, wanted the nominations made as soon as possible. If there is not absolute harmony it will not be the fault of the committee.

Gen. Francis P. Blair, Jr., was nominated for Vice President. At the election Seymour and Blair received 2,703,600 votes, against 3,013,188 votes for Grant and Colfax. Since that time he has persistently refused to take any active part in politics, although his counsel has been constantly sought and given as to the affairs of his party. His last years have been passed on an extensive and well-cultivated farm near Utica. He was President of the National Dairyman's Association, and also of the Prison Association of the United States.

Three leaders of the Democratic party in Presidential conflicts have passed away this year, McClellan who led the forlorn hope in 1864, Hancock who was beaten by Garfield in 1880 and Seymour who ran against Grant in 1888 have all died within the last few weeks. Besides these Gratz Brown who was on the ticket with Greeley in 1872 has also died while Hendricks who was elected Vice-President in 1876 and 1884 passed away last fall.

Senator Boles, of Glasgow, a member of the State Senate, is figuring as the hero in a salacious scandal at Frankfort, according to the Louisville Post and Cincinnati Enquirer. The woman in the case is said to be a mulatto prostitute of Frankfort. Senator Boles has entered a vigorous denial and says if the facts alleged can be proven by an investigation that he will resign his seat in the Senate. He is one of the oldest men in the Senate and has a wife and several children.

SOMERSET, Feb. 12.—Dr. Owens, of this place, reports the birth to a woman living seven miles south of here, of a monstrosity with a head, mouth and body resembling those of a frog. The lower limbs were natural, but the hands were webbed. It was dead when born and weighed eight pounds.

STILL ANOTHER.

Ex-Gov. Horatio Seymour, Once the Leader of the Democracy, Passes Away.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Ex-Gov. Seymour died at 10 o'clock to-night at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Roscoe Conkling. He began to fail perceptibly at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Shortly afterward, he rallied a little, but soon relapsed into total unconsciousness. During his illness, he experienced little if any physical suffering, and to-day he was wholly without pain. Mrs. Seymour, who is very ill, sat with her husband during the afternoon. Most of the time the ex-Governor rested peacefully, and his condition could only be distinguished from natural sleep by the ashen pallor of his countenance and his labored breathing.

At 8:30 he was sinking rapidly; his pulse could scarcely be counted, and the respiration was more and more difficult. He expired without a struggle, and as peacefully as if falling asleep.

The beginning of Gov. Seymour's physical ailments dated from a sun-stroke which befell him in the summer of 1876, while he was at work on the roads of his town as Pathmaster, an office which he was wont to say he had asked for. The immediate cause of his death was cerebral effusion, the usual process of death in old age. As yet no arrangements have been made for the funeral.

Horatio Seymour was born in Oneida county, N. Y., May 31, 1810, and was therefore nearly 76 years old at the time of his death. When he was 9 years of age, his parents removed to Utica. He was educated at the academies of Oxford and Geneva, N. Y., and Partridge's military school, Middletown, Conn., studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1832. The death of his father devolved upon him the settlement of a large estate, and withdrew him from the practice of his profession. From 1833 to 1839 he served on the military staff of Gov. Marcy. In 1841 he was elected to the State Assembly as a Democrat, was re-elected three times, and in 1845 was chosen Speaker. In 1850 he was nominated for Governor, and was defeated by Washington Hunt, the Whig candidate, by a plurality of 262 votes; but in 1852 he was elected Governor over the same competitor by a plurality of 22,596 votes. He was renominated in 1854. The prohibition question entered largely into the canvass, which was further complicated by the Know-nothing issue and the anti-slavery agitation growing out of the repeal of the Missouri compromise. There were four candidates, and Myron H. Clark, Whig and Prohibitionist, was elected by a plurality of 309 votes over Gov. Seymour. In 1862 Mr. Seymour was again elected Governor over Gen. Wadsworth by a majority of 10,752 votes. During his term Gov. Seymour commissioned more than 13,000 officers in the volunteer service of the United States. In August, 1864, he presided over the Democratic National Convention at Chicago, which nominated Gen. McClellan for the Presidency. He also presided over the convention of 1868, held in New York. The leading candidates for the nomination were George H. Pendleton, Andrew Johnson, A. H. Hendricks and Gen. Hancock. Gov. Seymour had positively declined to permit the use of his name as a candidate; but on the twenty-second ballot the Ohio delegation cast their united vote for him. Wisconsin seconded the nomination, and the convention went wild with enthusiasm. Amid the cheers which followed, every State changed its vote to Seymour, who was declared the unanimous choice of the convention against his protests.

Gen. Francis P. Blair, Jr., was nominated for Vice President. At the election Seymour and Blair received 2,703,600 votes, against 3,013,188 votes for Grant and Colfax. Since that time he has persistently refused to take any active part in politics, although his counsel has been constantly sought and given as to the affairs of his party. His last years have been passed on an extensive and well-cultivated farm near Utica. He was President of the National Dairyman's Association, and also of the Prison Association of the United States.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 11.—The Committee on Courts of Justice of the Senate and the Committee on Circuit Courts of the House held a joint session last evening, and, after a conference, decided to redistrict the State into judicial districts. There are now twenty-six courts in the State, including Circuit, Common Pleas, Criminal and Chancery courts. It is proposed that all the statutory courts be repealed, except in Jefferson county, and the number of Circuit Courts increased to thirty-two. With this number there will be at least three terms of Circuit Court held in each county per year. In counties where more terms are needed they will be provided for. In this way justice will be administered speedily, and there will be a great saving to the State by keeping the laboring classes of this country every opportunity to acquire title to the government lands.

In the Senate Mr. Blair, from the Committee on Woman Suffrage, has reported favorably a joint resolution providing for a constitutional amendment extending the right of suffrage to women. The resolution has taken its place on the calendar. It is understood that Senator Cockrell will prepare and present a minority report.

It is probable that a caucus of Democratic members will be called next week, so to commit the party in favor of or against redistricting. Well-informed lawyers throughout the State are decidedly favorable to abolishing the statutory courts and increasing the number of Circuit Courts. It is believed that caucus action by members of the Assembly will decide to redistrict the State. Mr. Straus, who is Chairman of the Circuit Courts Committee in the House, tells me that the committee desires caucus action before the session for some years past, but no action has

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8, 1886. To THE SOUTH KENTUCKIAN: Last week Washington was buried in one of the heaviest snow storms that has prevailed here for ten years. It was a regular northwest blizzard with a north pole temperature. The storm began at 3 o'clock Wednesday morning and the snow fell continuously from that time till noon of Thursday. Travel was stopped for a time. The government always is put to considerable expense in clearing the pavements in front of its buildings from snow. Previous to this storm it had paid out \$500 for that kind of work, and it is officially stated that the balance of \$1,000 for that purpose was not sufficient to clear away the last snow, and that Congress will have to be called on to make an emergency appropriation. Assistant Secretary Smith, of the Treasury, was equal to the emergency and ordered out about forty clerks to shovel snow from in front of the Treasury building. The young men detailed for this duty were highly offended but obeyed orders. So many young men wearing such fine clothe and sporting gold chains and seal rings were never before found grouped together handling the shovel. These young men are borne upon the rolls as laborers, but in fact are clerks and perform strictly clerical duties. The Assistant Secretary, however, issued his orders that all able bodied laborers on the roll should be assigned to this duty, and the young men had to obey. The probability is that they will never again be called on to perform the same duties. The moral of all is that no man should sail under false colors.

The gaites of the city have been suspended this week out of respect to the memory of Mrs. Bayard. All invitations to the numerous receptions arranged for were recalled, and even informal calling so customary in official life was dispensed with. The President has issued invitations for the reception to the Justices of the United States Supreme Court for the coming week in place of those issued for the past week and recalled. Secretary Bayard shows in a very marked degree the deep grief occasioned by his recent family bereavements. There is no truth however in the rumor that he contemplates resigning the portfolio of State and making a voyage to Europe to assuage his grief. It is believed by his friends that the cares of his official duties will more than anything else tend to divert his thoughts from the loss of his beloved wife and favorite daughter.

The electoral bill and Dakota have been the two subjects principally discussed in the Senate this week. After the many imperfections in the electoral bill had been brought out by the debate, it was referred back to the committee for further amendments. Dakota had many strong speeches made in her behalf. Senator Harrison led the Republicans in the contest, and Senator Vest the Democrats. The bill passed by a strict party vote with the exception of Senator Voorhees who voted with the Republicans for its administration.

Senator Ingalls is the recognized leader of the Republicans in the Senate in all running debates. He is very sarcastic and has the faculty of stating his points briefly and clearly, and of making excellent "bits" whenever he speaks. He never lets an opportunity pass to strike a blow at his enemy, and so when on Thursday the bill for establishing the office of Assistant Secretary of the Navy was under discussion, he attacked the administration for its course in the Dolphin matter, and lauded John Roach and his great American ship-building enterprise, as he termed it, to the skies. Ingalls is of short stature and spare built with a very erect carriage and quick movements. His hair is short and well-sprinkled with gray and carefully parted near the middle and slickly brushed. He wears a neat fitting suit of dark material with a cut-away which exposes to view a modest gold chain from which hangs a seal charm. His name appears so frequently in Congressional proceedings that this description of him may prove not uninteresting.

All the mechanics here are combining to have eight hours established as a day's work, and there is no doubt that such will be the rule the coming spring. Clerks in stores are also organizing to have a reduction in the hours of labor, and Congress will probably take some action in regard to street car drivers and conductors being required to work 14 hours a day. A few days ago the Chairman of the House Committee on Labor interviewed the President relative to statements made that the spirit of the eight-hour law was ignored in the Government departments. The President said he believed the law was a sound and good one, and should be enforced to the letter. He also, in the same interview, expressed himself as opposed to foreign speculators acquiring such large tracts of our public land, and as in favor of affording the laboring classes of this country every opportunity to acquire title to the government lands.

In the Senate Mr. Blair, from the Committee on Woman Suffrage, has reported favorably a joint resolution providing for a constitutional amendment extending the right of suffrage to women. The resolution has taken its place on the calendar. It is understood that Senator Cockrell will prepare and present a minority report.

It is probable that a caucus of Democratic members will be called next week, so to commit the party in favor of or against redistricting. Well-informed lawyers throughout the State are decidedly favorable to abolishing the statutory courts and increasing the number of Circuit Courts. It is believed that caucus action by members of the Assembly will decide to redistrict the State. Mr. Straus, who is Chairman of the Circuit Courts Committee in the House, tells me that the committee desires caucus action before the session for some years past, but no action has

CAT Poetry in London Leader.

The costs of prosecution, boys,
Must to the country go,
I like the sound of "relegate,"
'Tis dignified, you know,
We'll blot the "pauper counties" out,
They burr country's sons,
We'll check their immigration, boys,
And then—we'll take a nap!

Maj. Jo Haycroft, of Owensboro, announces his intention of becoming a candidate for Congress from this district. As Capt. Ellis is already out, Daviss will have a brace of candidates for the seat now warmed by Mr. Laffoon. By the way did it ever occur to these early aspirants that they are decidedly premature in announcing? Wouldn't it be a good idea to wait until Mr. Laffoon comes home and give him at least a fighting chance?

Mr. Tilden's Birthday.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The Sun this morning says: Samuel J. Tilden was 72 years old yesterday. His birthday found him in excellent health. He spent the day much as he spends almost every day. It is his custom to pass the morning in his library reading newspapers, and afterward to turn to his books. Many messages of congratulation, both by mail and telegraph, were laid on his library table. In the afternoon he rode a long distance northward from Yonkers, and on his return slept for an hour as is his custom. Many neighbors called during the day. Mr. Tilden has grown stouter this winter. Since last fall he has gained twenty pounds.

PADUCAH, Feb. 12.—A private message from St. Louis announces the suicide there this afternoon of Mrs. Lizzie Grimes Boyd, the four months' bride of Rhea Boyd, of Paducah. No young man in Kentucky had brighter prospects for fame, or threw them away more recklessly than Rhea Boyd. A lawyer of more than ordinary brilliancy, he could have risen to the top of his profession. Instead he gave himself up to wild bebauches and gradually sank lower and lower, until he disgraced his family and lost his friends. Four months ago he ran away with and married Miss Lizzie Grimes, an estimable young lady of Paducah. This bill, which robs the people to pay for the abatement of a nuisance was put through by the persistent efforts of a set of lobbyists who have hung around the Capital for weeks.

Both branches of the Legislature have passed the pleuro-pneumonia bill which fixes a price for the State to pay for diseased cattle of not exceeding \$30, the whole appropriation for the purpose of stopping the spread of the disease not to exceed \$6,000. Of this \$3,000 only can be paid for cattle, the rest to be expended by the Board of Health. This bill which robs the people to pay for the abatement of a nuisance was put through by the persistent efforts of a set of lobbyists who have hung around the Capital for weeks.

It is given out that gold has been found in the bed of Doe Creek, on the land of J. W. Woolfolk, near Brandenburg, Meade county.

LIMEKILN CLUB.

Brother Gardner Discourses on the Use and Abuse of Mottoes.

"I do go much on mottoes an' such," said Brother Gardner, as he opened the meeting on the usual degree and winked to Samuel Shin to raise the alley window.

"I once knew a man who sat out in life wid de motto: 'Excelsior.' He was proud of it, an' he stuck to it, an' de las' time I saw him he was in de poorhouse. He got so tired of luggin' dat motto' around dat he couldn't work ober three days in de week."

"I once knew a man who had de motto: 'Time is Money' hung in a ebony room in his house. He invariably rushed in his coon ten days too airy, an' den tried to average up things by plantin' his taters twenty days too late. De only occasiun when he got even wid dat motto' around dat he couldn't work ober three days in de week."

"I once knew a man who carried de motto of 'A Penny Saved is a Penny Earned' in all his pockets, an' no puson ever found him wid a dollar in cash to his name. He was all on de eve an' mornin' on de air.

"Doin' you' git de ideah inter yer heafds dat a motto or a maxim agin' givin' up a clo' ye' an' whoop' rent an' doctor bills. It's mo' in de man dan in de maxim. I kin shoy' yo' fo'ry pusses in my nayborhood who set on de fence all summer an' keep' eyes on de maxin' 'Industry and the Road to Wealth.' I kin shoy' yo' fo'ry mo' who bring' up dat motto 'Penny will Purse'! an' set down fur Providence to do so. If we aff'ne a dollar dat's Providence.

"Stidy work at fair wages, wid a domestic wife to boxe de kitchen, am motto 'huff fur any of us. If anything fur an' wanted los' striv' to be honest, truthful, charitable an' virtuous. We needn't hang out a sign on which dangles a seal charm. His name appears so frequently in Congress as to be uninteresting.

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TIME TABLE FOR TRAINS.

DEPART SOUTH—1:35 P.M. 2:25 A.M.; 4:48 P.M.
DEPART NORTH—10:30 A.M.; 3:25 P.M.; 9:38 P.M.
ARRIVE FROM SOUTH—10:30 A.M.; 3:25 P.M.; 4:48 P.M.

ARRIVE FROM NORTH—1:35 A.M.; 4:48 P.M.

Time Table of C. O. & S. W. R. R.

GOING SOUTH.

LY. Louisville 8:30 A.M.
" 8:35 P.M.

" Nortonville 8:32 P.M.

" Paducah 8:32 P.M.

GOING NORTH.

" Memphis 1:10 P.M.

" 8:15 A.M.

" Nortonville 11:30 A.M.

POST OFFICE—West Main Street, bet. 5th and 6th.

Open for letters, stamp—7 A.M. to 6 P.M.

" Money Orders—A.M. to 4 P.M.

" Delivery—Sunday 10:15 A.M.

SOUTHERN EXPRESS OFFICE,

Seventh St. near Main.

Open 8 A.M. to 5 P.M.

TELEGRAPH OFFICES.

WESTERN UNION—Up stairs corner Main and 6th streets. Mrs. Radice and Miss Park, operators.

BALTIMORE & OHIO—Up stairs corner Main and 6th streets. J. R. Smyser, operator.

TELEPHONE OFFICE.

Main St. bet. 8th and 9th up stairs. Clarence Lindsay, operator.

SOCIALITIES.

Dr. W. D. Hunt, of Paducah, is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. R. P. Stevens.

Mr. J. M. Coombs, of Paducah, returned home Friday after a visit of several days to friends in the city.

Dr. Nance, of Cerulean Springs, returned home on Friday last, after an absence of a month in Florida.

Prof. V. A. Garnett, of Pembroke, and Capt. C. D. Bell, of Longview, were in town yesterday.

Messrs. J. A. Hale, of Wilson, T. M. Knight, of Seates' Mill and Joe Hale, Sr., of Stuart's district, were in the city yesterday.

Judge McCarroll.

Judge Joe McCarroll, of Hopkinsville, whose announcement came as a candidate for Circuit Judge, appears in this issue, needs no introduction to our people. His reputation has preceded him, and he comes to our country not a stranger. His genial, handsome face and gentlemanly manners will win for him friends wherever he goes. Judge McCarroll is comparatively a young man; the lines that usually mark the flight of years have fallen but lightly as yet on a face that bespeaks for him talents of a high order and a mind well stored with legal lore. He has a bright future before him in his profession. * * * We have only praise when we speak of Judge Joe McCarroll.—Greenville Echo.

It affords us a great deal of pleasure to announce Judge Joe McCarroll, of Christian county, as a candidate for the position of Circuit Judge of this, the Second Judicial District, subject to such action as may be taken by the Democratic party. Judge McCarroll is about forty years of age, of fine personal appearance, pleasing in manner and address, industrious, sober, intelligent, a fine judge of law and has been a practicing attorney for fifteen years. He is endorsed by the people of his county both as a gentleman and attorney of acknowledged ability. He goes into the race with a strong following all over the district. If he should be elected we feel satisfied that he would honor the position. We would ask that our people take under consideration his claims for the position to which he aspires.—Madisonville Times.

A Bad Wreck.

The most disastrous wreck that has ever occurred on this division of the L. & N. road took place Saturday morning about 4 o'clock. The third section of No. 57, a south bound freight train, was thrown from the track by the spreading of the rails and the engine and eleven cars thrown down the embankments of a deep fill. The engine was turned over on its side in a ditch 20 feet deep with the fireman in it. Strange to say he was not hurt, and crawled out of the window after it landed. The engineer escaped by jumping out as it fell and jumped into a pool of water just ahead of the wreck and was only slightly bruised. Conductor Floyd and the brakemen also escaped un-hurt by jumping off. It is almost miraculous that no lives were lost, as the train was running at a fair rate of speed. The cars were loaded with coal and were piled up on each side and the wreck was almost total. Nothing but the iron was worth taking out of the smash-up. Even the rails were bent and twisted and the ties broken into pieces. 5,000 bushels of coal was dumped into the water and mud on either side. The damage will probably exceed \$10,000. A force of hands was put to work and the running of trains was resumed late Saturday afternoon. The work of removing the debris was carried on all day Sunday and much of it will be abandoned as worthless. Guards have been watching the coal which has been sold at a heavy loss to the railroad company. The wreck was only about a mile south of the city and hundreds of people of both sexes walked out to the scene Sunday afternoon to see it.

Cheap Excursion to New Orleans.

The L. & N. Railroad will sell round trip tickets to New Orleans Feb. 19th and 20th, for the exceedingly low price of \$11.00, good for ten days. The excursion rate only holds good on the 19th and 20th, and all who intend going will have to leave those days. The exposition is now complete, and presents many varied attractions to entertain and instruct those who may attend, and all who can should take advantage of this low rate. Tickets will also be sold at all way stations from Hopkinsville to Nashville and from Clarksville to Russellville, at a proportionately low rate.

The Clarksville Railroad.

(Princeton Banner.)

Judge Darby went to Clarksville last week and had a talk with Mr. Merritt and others about the new road. He returned with the information that there is no hope for it; that it is gone where the woodbine twine; that in due course of time it will be sold to pay its bonded debt; who will buy it one can tell; whether the purchaser will complete it or not, no one knows.

The moral of the failure of this road is that subscribers who promised to aid in building a road cannot be relied on to come to time. If all who promised to help build this road had come up promptly when called, the road would be running through Clarksville to day.

HERE AND THERE.

Camillo Ursu, Saturday, Feb. 20th. Clarksville has organized a Hook and Ladder company.

The fourth important snow of the season fell early yesterday morning.

W. J. Graham agent for the National Firefighters, office at Wright's store.

The most reliable and finest watch repairing in the city, is done at M. D. Kelly's.

The County Committee will meet again March 1st to consider unfinished business.

Mr. John Mitchell and Miss Amelia Fleming were married at the residence of the bride last Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Dr. A. A. Willits, of Louisville, has been engaged by the Y. M. C. A. to deliver his lecture on Sunshine in this city on the 25th inst.

There will be preaching at the Christian church Wednesday night, followed by the administration of the ordinance of baptism.

A valentine party at the residence of Mr. G. U. West last Saturday evening was a very pleasant and highly enjoyable entertainment.

Prof. Duncan M. Quarles, of Clarksville, has purchased the Peter Anderson place near Howell, and opened a school for boys and girls. It is about two miles from the I. A. & T. road.

Subscribers continue to come in both by mail and in person, and our list still increases. There is still room for others, and we will be glad to place your name on our list at any time.

Mrs. R. W. Roach returned on the Rhea from Cadiz yesterday. She brought with her the motherless babe of her brother, J. C. Dabney, whom Mr. and Mrs. Roach have adopted.—Clarksville Courier.

We have received from Dr. W. H. Forgy, of Elmo, an invitation to the commencement exercises of the Louisville Medical College at Macaulay's Theatre on the 25th inst. Dr. Forgy is president of the graduating class for 1886.

Prof. B. E. Thom and Miss Emma Hicks, both of Cerulean Springs, were granted license to marry by the county clerk of Trigg county last Tuesday. Both parties have a number of acquaintances and friends in their county.

Any young gentleman who wants to take a commercial course in the Bryant & Stratton Business College, of Louisville, a most excellent school of its kind, will do well to correspond with us as we have a scholarship to offer.

Senator Feland's bill incorporating the Hopkinsville Branch Railroad passed the Senate Wednesday.

DEATH'S DEMAND.

John Breathitt Breathes His Last at 3 O'clock Sunday Morning.

Jno. W. Breathitt, Jr., who was shot by Wilbur Wilson last Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, died Sunday morning at 3 o'clock.

The hope of recovery which his friends were permitted to indulge on Thursday was destined to be of short duration. His condition appeared to be improving all day Friday, but towards night unfavorable symptoms appeared and he grew gradually worse until Saturday evening, when it became evident to all that death had laid his hand upon the sufferer. All through the hours of the night kind friends stood around his bed and by heating appliances vainly strove to bring about a reaction, but his limbs gradually grew cold and numb, and at midnight he became unconscious and ceased to breath at 3 o'clock. His body was at once removed from his room over his store to his father's residence on South Main street, and yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock the funeral was preached at the Baptist church by Rev. J. N. Presbridge. A large number of friends followed the remains to the grave in the City Cemetery, and all that was mortal of a noble, true and good young man was consigned to the cold embrace of earth. Never have we seen more sorrow or regret manifested over the death of a citizen of Hopkinsville. A young man in the bloom of early manhood, with a useful career before him, without an enemy in the world, beloved and respected by all, has been suddenly called from earth in a sad and heart-rending manner. The unfortunate circumstances that caused his death were detailed in our last issue. The wound was carefully watched by Drs. Fairleigh and Seagert, and his skillful treatment was of no avail. The ball passed around and lodged in his kidney, and nothing but a strong constitution kept the victim alive during the 108 hours he lingered.

Decedent was born in Nov., 1860, and was therefore in the 26th year of his age. He was a member of the Baptist church and declared in the face of death that he was not afraid to die.

Young Wilson is a beardless youth, probably 20 years of age. For the sake of his stricken parents and others whose hearts are bowed down with grief as poignant as that of the family of the dead, we trust it may be established that he did not deliberately shoot and kill his friend without cause or provocation.

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SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN,

18 and 20 NINTH STREET,
HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY
ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch one time, \$1.00; one week, \$1.50; six months, \$9.00; twelve months, \$15.00.
One column, \$1.00; two columns, \$1.50.
For further information apply for card of
Advertiser.

Special local 50 cents per inch for each inser-
tion; among reading matter 30 cents per line.
Obituary notices, over 10 lines, 50 cents.
Resolutions, 25 cents per line. Resolutions
and all entertainments where an admittance
fee is charged, 5 cents per line for each inser-
tion.

Cheap Club Rates.

Subscribers to the Semi-Weekly Kentuckian will
be entitled to the following cheap club
rates with other papers and periodicals:

S. & W. Kentuckian	\$12.00
Weekly	3.00
Commercial	3.00
Farmers Home Journal	3.00
Arkansas Traveler	3.00
Daily N. Y. World	7.50
Semi-Weekly	5.50
Weekly	3.00
N. Y. Sun	3.00
N. Y. Star	2.50
Toledo Living Age	3.00
Arkansas Traveler	3.00
Detroit Free Press	3.00
Peterson's Magazine	3.00
Godey's Lady's Book	3.00
Leslie's Popular Monthly	4.00
Cottage Hearth	2.50

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

Edison's New Arrangement for
Sending and Receiving Tele-
graph Messages on Rapid-
ly Moving Trains.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—A party of
some fifty gentlemen, including cap-
italists, electricians and journalists,
started at 10 a. m. yesterday from
Clifton, Staten Island, for Foten-
ville, fifteen miles to witness the
practical working of Edison's latest
and most wonderful invention, viz:
the sending and receiving of tele-
graphic messages by railway trains
while in motion. This is called tele-
graphing by induction, or telegraph-
ing by induced currents through the
atmosphere. During the run of the
train between the points mentioned a
large number of messages were sent
and received. Messages written by
the gentlemen of the party addressed
to themselves were left at Clifton go-
ing at full speed. The apparatus
consists of an ordinary Morse tele-
phonetic receiver, an electric magnet
and a battery. No special extra
wire is used running between or
near the rails, but the messages jump
through the air between the tin roof
of the cars and the ordinary wires
strung along by the side of the rail-
way, a distance of from twenty-five
to 400 feet. The farthest distance
traversed yesterday without a wire
was some forty to fifty feet. The
metallic roofs of the cars were con-
nected together by wires, which tele-
communicated with a Morse tele-
phone instrument placed in one of
the cars. An operator sat in front
of the instrument, and, though the
noise of the train rendered the ticks
indistinct, he read them easily by
means of a telephone, and wrote out
the messages as they were delivered.
To a non-expert newspaper man it
seemed mysterious to send a mes-
sage up to the roof of the car on a
short wire and have it jump thence
to the distant wire, selecting the
right wire, as it did yesterday from
twenty-four different ones. Mr. Edi-
son was on board, the subject of
many congratulations. He said that
another train coming behind us,
equipped with a similar apparatus
could pick the message off the wire.
On the return trip from Tottenville,
he sent the following to a leading
daily: "We are now sending and re-
ceiving messages on a moving train
on Staten Island. Yours, Edison."

Just before the train reached Clif-
ton a message was received by Hen-
ry Seligman from his brother, Jos-
eph Seligman, the Wall street banker,
giving the latest quotations of
Pacific Mail and Lake Shore. An-
other gentleman received the follow-
ing message: "If I were a fugitive
from justice this invention would
interfere with my arrangements."

Gen. John Cochrane, who was one
of the party, sent a message from the
moving train to his city residence, as
follows: "God made man upright,
but he hath sought out many inven-
tions."

The experiment was a complete
success, messages being constantly
received and sent by all on board
without hitch or interruption.

General Cochrane said: "To cap-
ture fugitives, to prevent accidents
and to enable all travelers to com-
municate with their friends this
system will be indispensable."

Mr. Edison said that all the trains
on every road would henceforth be
in constant communication with
each other, and collisions will be
known no more. It is understood
that experiments will be made by
Edison between vessels next summer,
testing the adaptability of the sys-
tem to marine travel. Mr. Edison
thinks he can telegraph nearly all
trips by employing merely the water.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and
Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say:
We have been selling Dr. King's New
Discovery, Electric Bitters and Buck-
le's Arnica Salve for two years,
never having handled remedies
that sell as well, or give such
universal satisfaction. There have
been some wonderful cures effected
by these medicines in this city. Sev-
eral cases of pronounced Consump-
tion have been entirely cured by use
of a few bottles of Dr. King's New
Discovery, taken in connection with
Electric Bitters. We guarantee them
all week for only \$2.00 a year.

The Sleigh Belle.

[St. Louis Spectator.]
Hear the sleigh belle, how she chatters
With her beau!
How she chatters, chatters, chatters,
Of innumerable matters,
While the horse's heel bespatters
Her with snow!

See the sleigh belle with her lover!
How they feel!
Like a pair of colts in clover,
This sweet sleigh belle loves the gliding
And such merrily, merrily singing,
With her fifteen fingers hiding
In her muff!

Buckler's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for
Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt
Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped
Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all
Skin Eruptions, and positively cures
Piles, or no pay required. It is guar-
anteed to give perfect satisfaction, or
money refunded. Price 25 cents per
box. For sale by all druggists.

The President's Rival.

There sits in Congress a man who
once ran against Grover Cleveland
for the post of Sheriff of Erie county,
New York, and, although beaten by
him at that time, he filled his unex-
pected term, and is now a member of
Congress. The member is John B.
Weber, of Buffalo. He is a small man,
with a pleasant face and quick, active
step and manner. He is a Republican
but that does not prevent him from
being on good terms with President
Cleveland. Soon after Mr. Weber
came here this winter he called at the
White House and jokingly remarked
to Mr. Cleveland: "You see I am
following you. First you became
Sheriff; I fell into your shoes when
you became Mayor. Look out, per-
haps the same good luck may follow
me now that I am here with you in
Washington." The President smiled and said: "I am watching
you, never fear."—New York Sun.

Where Lynch Law Came From.

A curious fact is that although the
lynching of Henry Mason (colored)
recently for the murder of Mr. Ham-
mersley is the first occurrence of the
kind in Campbell County, the very
name of "lynch law" was derived from
a native of that county, old
Colonel Lynch, who was in the habit
of administering summary punishment
to marauders and miscreants of every
description without paying any attention to the ordinary
processes of law. Hence he was
called "Judge Lynch," and this is
said, is the true origin of the terms
"lynching" and "lynch law."—Lynch-
burg (Va.) News.

PAGAN BOB.

His Reply to a Letter from a Col-
ored Preacher of this City.

[Clarksville Chronicle.]

Rev. H. W. Smith, an enterprising
colored preacher of this city, took it
into his head to write to Hon. Robt.
G. Ingerson and request that
G. be given a donation of \$500
to his church. It was a queen and
probably concealed idea that induced
the colored divine to make the re-
quest, but however that may be, he
promptly received a characteristic reply over Ingerson's
autograph:

Rev. H. W. Smith, Clarksville, Tenn.

My Dear Sir.—Under no circum-
stances would I give any money for
what you ask, for what I believe to be
so pernicious.

The colored people ought to have
too much manhood to worship the
God of the Bible. Jehovah upheld
slavery, and such a God is not entitled
to the respect of honest men. The
colored people ought not to adopt the
religion of their oppressors. I hope
the time will come when the colored
people will hold in utter contempt all
books and creeds that allowed one
to steal the labor of another.

Do not, I pray, teach your people
to worship a monster. Teach them,
above all things, to love liberty, to
practice justice, and tell their honest
thoughts. Teach them that the Bible
is the dogma of eternal punishment
is a brutal lie.

Yours truly,
R. G. INGERSOLL.

A man named Ackerland was killed
by the cars at Glasgow Junction
Monday.

A woman was in disguise and was
fleeing from some crime she had com-
mitted. She was traveling in a stage,
and stopped at a country inn. The
travellers alighted, and the supposed
man got out with the others. All
went to the wash-shelf at the end
of the porch. A man was waiting, lean-
ing against the wall. She was washing
her face and hands, and when she was done was at once
arrested her. He discovered her sex
by her manner of applying the water
in washing her face. All men rub
up and down and snort. All women
apply the water and stroke gently
downward.

Don't put it off too long; now is
the time to subscribe for the Ken-
tuckian, a paper that will furnish
you 32 columns of reading matter
each week for only \$2.00 a year.

Years of Suffering Ended.

For the past two years I have been
a great sufferer from ulcerated sore
mouth, the result of blood poison. I
have for months received treatment
at Bellevue Hospital, and by a physi-
cian on 12th Street, New York City,
as well as one in Brooklyn. I re-
ceived but little if any benefit from
either. So I resolved to try S. S. S.
I am thankful to say it has done me
more good than everything else. I
have been taking it but two weeks,
and the improvement is very marked
—in fact I am almost well, and be-
lieve I will be perfectly so in a very
short time. I heartily recommend it
to all who suffer from blood poison.

T. E. SYPHERS, Brooklyn, N. Y.
November 25, 1885.

The L. & N. R. R., has determined
to change its gauge May 31, and all
the others in the South will follow
suit the next day. An Atlanta dis-
patch says: "Four feet nine inches
were adopted as the gauge. A com-
mittee was appointed to communicate
with the leading railroads of the four
feet eight and a half inch gauge, and
four feet nine inch gauge, to agree on
a wheel gauge suitable to both. On
the day before the change the spikes
will be driven the entire length of
the roads, and material cars will be
first run over the changed gauge.
There will be four men to the mile,
and the length of the road changed
will be 12,000. The cost is estimated
at \$750,000."

Have used Tongaline extensively
in neuralgia and rheumatism. Find
it safe, easy and efficient remedy. In
all cases of neuralgia or rheumatic
pains it seems to be a specific.

C. W. PRINDLE, M. D.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

Theo. Beal shot and killed Jno.
Brackett, near Manitow, Hopkins
county, Tuesday.

Alden's Cyclopedia of Universal Literature.

The work is the outcome of many
years of planning and preparation.
It will be an almost indispensable
work of reference for every library,
large or small, a trustworthy guide to
what is most worthy knowing of the
literature of all ages and all nations.
Occupying a dozen or more volumes,
and yet issued at a price so low as to
be within the reach of all, a familiarity
with its contents will constitute
a liberal education to a degree that
can be claimed for few other works
in existence. Dr. Lossing, the eminent
historian and author, says of it:
"I am strongly impressed with the
great intrinsic value of the work as a
popular educator in a high degree.
Combining as it does a
personal knowledge of an author
with specimens of his or her best liter-
ary efforts, it is a valuable guide to
the student of literature. Its sixteen pages will be
found gratified with good things from beginning
to end." The work is being furnished the latest
in parts of 160 pages each, paper cov-
ered, at the price of 15 cents, also in
very handsome cloth-bound volumes,
 gilt tops, 400 pages, for 60 cents. The
parts can be exchanged for bound
volumes at any time. Four parts are
now ready, also the first bound volume; volume two will be issued in
a few days. The publisher's 132-page
illustrated catalogue of standard
books may be had for 4 cents, or con-
tained in the 16-page catalogue, free. Jno.
B. ALDEN, Publisher, New York.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having
had placed in his hands by an English
missionary the secret of a simple vegetable
remedy for the specific and permanent cure
of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma
and all throat and Lung Ailments, also a positive
and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all
Nervous Complaints, after having tested its
wonderful curative power in thousands of cases,
has felt it his duty to make it known to his
suffering fellowmen. Actuated by this motive
and a desire to relieve human suffering, he has
placed the secret of the remedy, with full
directions for preparing and using, sent by
mail to all physicians, dentists, druggists, and
other medical men, and to all persons
interested in the welfare of the sick.

Address, THE DAILY STAR.

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